Iberian wholesale market monitoring – cooperation of energy and financial regulators

José Braz – ACER/CEER MIT WG chair; ERSE Executive Board member

REMIT: implementation and compliance

E-Control, Vienna - May, 30th, 2012





Agenda

- 1. MIBEL and the European Energy Market
- 2. The market model and cooperation arrangements
- 3. MIBEL market monitoring

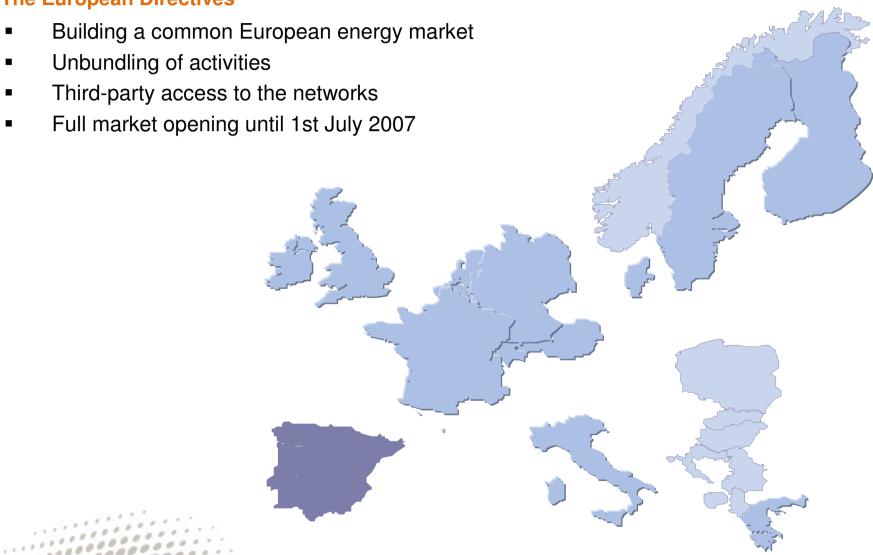


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The European Directives





The Iberian electricity landscape

Regional integration as a global trend

- Trend of integration of national markets into regions
 - Through market coupling;
 - And/or coordinated explicit auctions:
 - Single price area
- Several regions already created or in the process to be created
 - But different stages of market development and market integration
 - Iberia as one region





The Iberian electricity landscape

Regional integration and the Iberian market

PORTUGAL

6 M Consumers Demand: 50 TWh

Peak Load: 9 210 MW

Installed Capacity: 16 731 MW

SPAIN

24 M Consumers Demand: 264 TWh

Peak Load: 44 440 MW

Installed Capacity: 93 215 MW

MIBEL

30 M Consumers

Demand: 314 TWh

Peak Load: 53 650 MW

Installed Capacity: 109 946 MW

Single dominant incumbent. privatised as such ALAVANAVARRA HUESCALLEIDA BURGQSABIOJA ZAMORALLADOLID SORIA ZARAGOZA GUADALAJARARUEL SALAMANÇA ÁVILA MADRID CUENCA VALENCIA CÁCERES CIUDAD REALALBACETE BADAJOZ CORDOBA JAÉN HUELVA GRANADAMER



The Iberian electricity landscape

Regional integration and the Iberian market

Interconnection capacity

Portugal to Spain

Peak: 1900 MW

Off-peak: 2000 MW

4,5% of peak load in Spain

Spain to Portugal

Peak: 1900 MW

Off-peak: 1850 MW

20% of peak load in Portugal

In near future (by 2014), the interconnection capacity available between Portugal and Spain will be around **3 000 MW (32%** and **7%** of peak load in PT and SP, respectively)

(MARKET INTEGRATION)





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MIBEL implementation



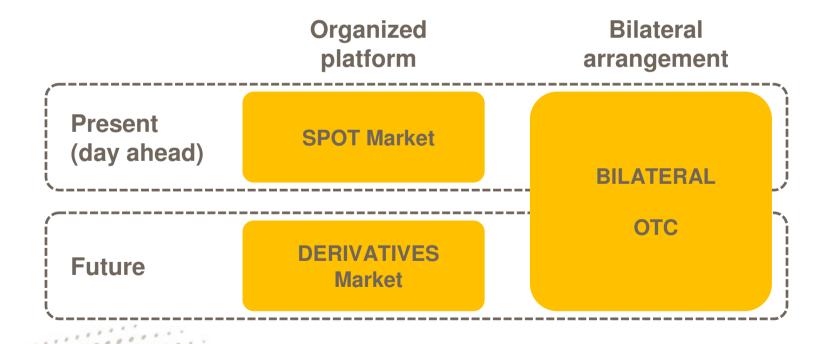
The major milestones in the MIBEL development

2001	Initial joint works to remove obstacles for market integration (MoU in Nov.2001)
2002	Regulator's proposal of MIBEL model (Mar.2002)
2004	International Agreement for MIBEL implementation (Santiago Agreement)
2006	MIBEL Derivatives Market starts its operation (Jun.2006)
2006	Portuguese-Spanish Summit set new impetus for MIBEL implementation (Nov.2006)
2007	MIBEL Spot Market fully operational for both countries, with market splitting mechanism (Jul.2007)
2009	First major MIBEL assessment report on MIBEL implementation, released by regulators (Nov.2009)



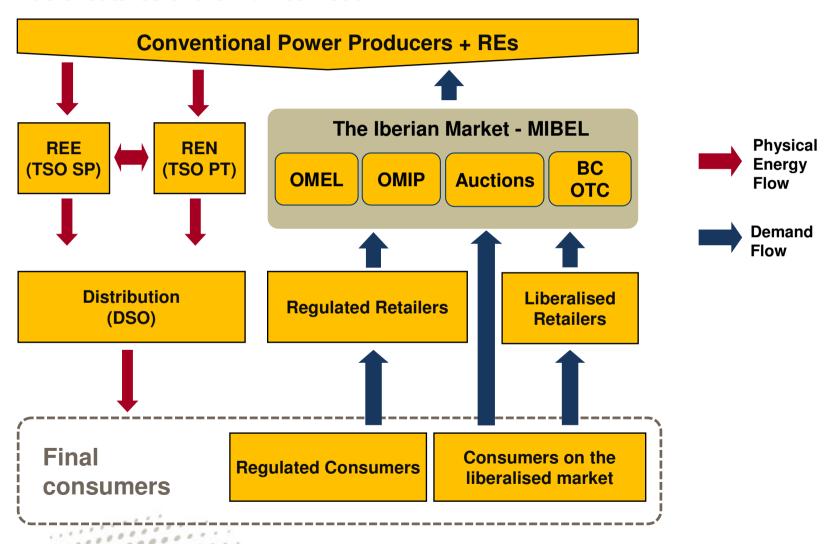
Basic features of the market model

- But how does Supply meet Demand?
 - Bilaterally
 - Trough an organized platform
 - For the present
 - For the future





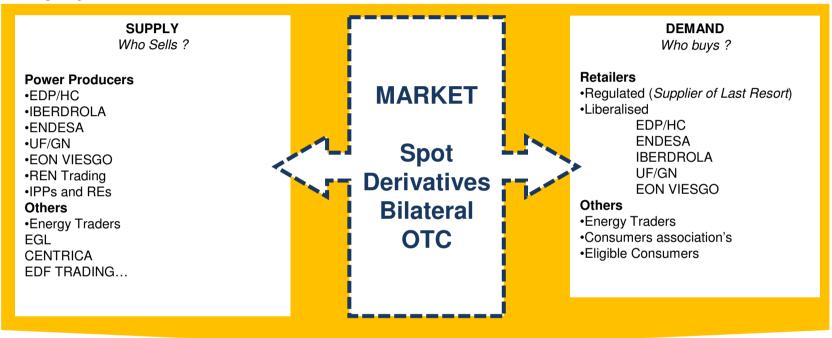
Basic features of the market model





Basic features of the market model

The players



MIBEL

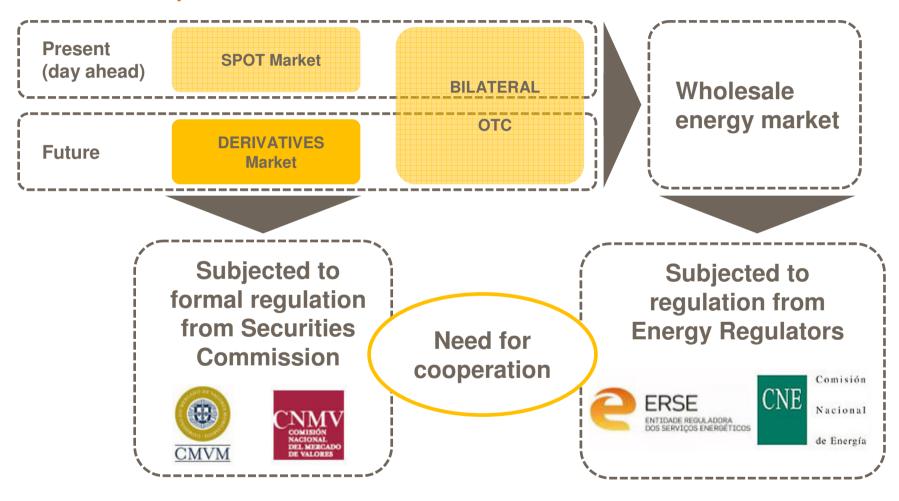
Aggregated Curves of Supply / Demand of Electricity

Market Splitting – Physical interconnection capacity restrictions

MIBEL implementation



The need for cooperative mechanisms





The setup of institutional arrangements

2004

International Agreement for MIBEL implementation (Santiago Agreement)

Set up of the Council of Iberian Regulators (MIBEL CR)

Securities Commissions









Energy Regulators



The setup of institutional arrangements

Set up of the Council of Iberian Regulators (MIBEL CR)

Competences

Formal mechanisms to exchange information between all regulators

Joint decisions on market rules, irrespective of formal jurisdiction

Joint assessment of market conditions, both from energy regulators and securities comissions views

Governance

Rotating presidency by all 4 members

Council of Regulators (CRp) and Technical Committee (TC)

CRp meet every 6 months and take formal decisions

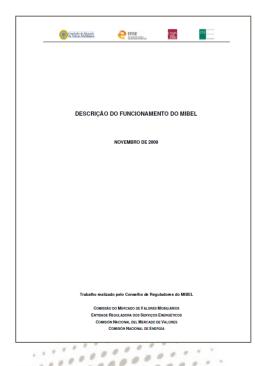
TC meet whenever needed to prepare the work and the specific issues



The result of the arrangements

2009

First major MIBEL assessment report on MIBEL implementation, released by regulators (Nov.2009)



Formal document from the CR MIBEL, stressing some important developments needed to improve iberian market integration

- Joint preparation of the document
- •Emphasis on both the energy regulators and securities comissions views
- Formal proposals for further political developments



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MIBEL market monitoring



Market monitoring under MIBEL

Two countries and one market

- Market integration and market splitting mechanism requires joint expertise from all national authorities
 - Market players' focus is no longer national but structural conditions are not yet fully harmonized
 - Increasing product sophistication (financial products, OTC, price hedging) requires cooperation with financial market regulators
 - Contribution to structural arrangements (harmonization) and monitoring market results





Cooperation in practice

Joint assessment of market conditions, both from energy regulators' and securities commissions' viewpoints



Joint monthly report, publicly available

- •All 4 members involved in the preparation
 - Spot and physical markets
 - Derivatives markets
 - Fundamentals
- •Available in the MIBEL website (<u>www.mibel.com</u>), in PT and SP
- Report as result of continuous exchange of information and cooperation between regulators

MIBEL market monitoring



Market monitoring under MIBEL

Wholesale market supervision

- It takes a lot of data and requires building knowledge upon it
 - Need systematic approach
 - Need information technologies
- Information asymmetry
 - Market players have more information than supervision authorities
 - The behavioral approach poses some challenges to supervision authorities
 - Understand the market players strategies and their interaction
 - Collect evidence on market misconduct
- Some market strategies which conflict with competitive and transparent market functioning:
 - Capacity withdrawal
 - Pricing above variable costs
 - Aggressive pricing to prevent new entrants

MIBEL market monitoring



SIMER – ERSE Information System for Market Analysis

Wholesale market supervision

- System comprises data from
 - Spot market (ERSE/CNE collaboration in data interchange)
 - Derivatives market (ERSE/CMVM collaboration in data interchange)
 - Primary energy markets (data from market sources)
 - Interconnections (data from TSO)
- System with KPI key performance indicators to assess
 - Demand and supply structure
 - Price bids
 - Interconnection capacity allocation
- The set of indicators enable
 - Reporting
 - Medium term analysis of trends
 - Detection and follow-up of suspicious trades



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